## TENDER SPECIFICATION

## FOR SUPPLY OF BIAXIAL GEOGRID

# (REINFORCEMENT APPLICATION TO UNBOUND SUB BASE / BASE COURSES OF FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT / RAILWAYS SOIL AND TRACK-BED STABILIZATION)

#### 1.0 GENERAL

This work comprises supply of Knitted & Polymeric Coated Polyester Biaxial GeoGrid as Reinforcement of the unbound granular sub base / base courses of Flexible Pavements as well as Railways for Track-Bed Stabilization conforming to the material specifications stated herein, as per the bill of quantity and schedule of supplies enclosed.

#### 2.0 MATERIALS

## 2.1 General Requirements

The Geogrid should be manufactured from high tenacity polyester filament yarns with molecular weight  $\geq 25000$  g/mol when measured in accordance with GRI-GG8 / ASTM D4603 and carboxyl end groups  $\leq 30$  mmol/Kg when measured in accordance with GRI GG7 / ASTM D2455.

The yarns shall be formed into a dimensionally stable grid structure with uniform square or rectangular apertures using a weft insertion warp knitting process (woven type Geogrids, Welded type Geogrids will not be permitted and not accepted).

The Geogrid shall have a durable Polymeric coating to protect the yarns from mechanical damage and adverse environmental effects.

The Geogrid shall be resistant to the chemicals and microorganisms normally found in soils and shall be stabilized against short-term exposure to solar radiation

Indigenously manufactured Geogrids should be preferred, considering advantages of shorter delivery periods, no inventory pile-up and rates being not affected by fluctuation of exchange rate of foreign currency.

A plant visit by the Engineer's representative to verify the manufacturer's quality control procedures and witness testing of products is also required prior to the dispatch of material.

## 2.2 Transportation, Storage and Handling

All rolls shall have a protective cover with a label or tag specifying name of the product, name of the manufacturer, roll number, date of manufacture and roll dimension.

Material shall be protected from sunlight, mud, dirt, debris, any other harmful substances or mechanical damage during transportation.

Rolls shall be stored in a secured area sufficiently elevated above the ground and adequately covered to protect them from the following: site construction damage, precipitation, prolonged exposure to ultraviolet radiation including sunlight, chemicals that are strong acids or strong bases, flames including welding sparks, high temperatures, and any other environmental conditions that may damage the physical property values of the Geogrid.

Any material, which is damaged during transportation, handling or storage and do not meet the minimum requirements of the specifications is liable for rejection by the Engineer.

## 2.3 Quality Control & testing

The quality management system of the manufacturer shall conform to the requirements of ISO 9001:2015 and ISO 45001, BBA certification and CE-certification as per 2016 standard should be required for supply of material.

Manufacturer Laboratory shall be accredited by the National Accreditation Board for Testing Laboratories (NABL) as per ISO/ IEC 17025: 2017 standards and GAI LAP Accreditation by Geosynthetic Institute USA.

Manufacturer should have geosynthetic-soil interaction in-house testing facility for large pullout apparatus for conducting laboratory pull-out tests on geosynthetics in accordance with ASTM D6706 and a large direct shear apparatus for evaluating the interface friction between geosynthetics and soil using the modified direct shear technique per IS 13326 (Part 1).

Manufacturer shall issue a test report stating minimum average roll values of material properties, at the time of shipment is made.

Manufacturer shall submit the proof of supply and satisfactory performance for the quantity of 10000 Sqm at least, for projects in India.

Contractor shall furnish proof of all above and it is mandatory.

The Mechanical properties of knitted and Polymeric coated biaxial geogrids shall conform to Table-1 below:

Table-1

Property		Test Method	Unit	TGB- 40	TGB- 60	TGB- 80	TGB- 100	TGB- 120	TGB- 150	TGB- 200
Ultimate tensile	MD	ASTM D 6637 EN ISO 10319	kN/m	40	60	80	100	120	150	200
strength <sup>1</sup>	CD			40	60	80	100	120	150	200
Elongation at Nominal	MD		%	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Strength	CD			12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Tensile strength at 2 %	MD		kN/m	9	11	13	16	18	20	30
strain	CD			8	9.5	10	11	12	15	24
Tensile strength at 5 %	MD		kN/m	18	20	25	30	35	45	55
strain	CD			11	14	19	22	23	35	45
Physical properties <sup>2</sup>										<u> </u>
Aperture size ( Tolerance ± 3 mm)			mm	21 x 25	21 x 25	21 x 25	24x24	23x23	23x22	23x22
Roll dimensions <sup>2</sup>										
Roll length			m	100			100			
Roll width			m	5.0			5.1			

MD – Machine Direction,

CD-Cross Direction,

Minimum average rolls value.

#### 3 INSTALLATION

## 3.1 Site Preparation

The site shall be prepared by clearing, grubbing, and excavation or filling the area to the design grade. This includes removal of topsoil and vegetation.

## 3.2 Laying of Geogrid

The geogrid shall be laid smooth without wrinkles or folds on the prepared subgrade (or within the granular subbase / base course if shown in the drawings) with the machine direction oriented in the direction of traffic.

Adjacent geogrid rolls shall be overlapped as shown on the drawings. Unless otherwise shown on the drawings or directed by the Engineer, the minimum overlap shall be 300 to 500 mm for subgrade of CBR greater than or equal to 3 and 600 to 1000 mm for CBR between 1 and 3. All roll ends shall be overlapped by 1000 mm.

On curves, the geogrid may be folded or cut to conform to the curves. The fold or overlap shall be in the direction of construction and held in place by pins, staples, or piles of fill or rock.

Prior to placing subbase / base course material the installed geogrid shall be inspected and approved by the Engineer. Any damages shall be repaired by covering the damaged location with a geogrid patch, which extends an amount equal to the required overlap beyond the damaged area, as directed by the Engineer.

# 3.3 Placing and Compacting Subbase/base course

The subbase or base shall be placed by end dumping onto the geogrid from the edge of the geogrid or over previously placed subbase or base aggregate.

Movement of construction equipment directly over the geogrid shall not be permitted.

Sudden breaking and sharp turning of construction equipment shall be avoided on the first lift of subbase/base over the geogrid.

Any ruts occurring during construction shall be filled with additional subbase or base material, and compacted to the specified density

#### 4 APPROVED MANUFACTURERS

# 4.1 Approved Manufacturers

(1) Techfab (India) Industries Ltd.
712 Embassy Centre,
Nariman Point, Mumbai – 400021
Phone: 022 – 2287 6224/6225

Fax: 022 - 2287 6218

#### 5 DELIVERY

Delivery of Biaxial geogrids shall be done according to the delivery schedule.

## 6 PAYMENT

## **6.1 Method of Measurement**

Biaxial geogrids will be measured by the Square Meter of material received at the owner's / contractor's store.

## 6.2 Basis of Payment

Payment for the supply of biaxial geogrids shall be made at the contract unit price per Square Meter, which shall be full compensation for the cost of materials, transportation, duties and taxes.